

Topic curriculum for Spring Two : The Industrial Revolution

Key Vocabulary

Industrialisation:	The development of industries in a country or region on a wide scale
Industrial Revolution:	A period of great change; this transition included going from hand production methods to machines; new chemical manufacturing and iron production processes; the increasing use of water power and steam power; the development of machine tools; and the rise of the mechanised factory system
Rural:	Relating to the countryside rather than the town
Population:	The inhabitants of a particular place
Population boom:	A rapid increase in population size
Agriculture:	The science or practise of farming, including cultivation of the soil for the growing of crops and the rearing of animals to provide food, wool, and other products.
Invention:	The action of inventing something, typically a process or device
Child labour:	The employment of children in an industry or business, especially when considered illegal or exploitative

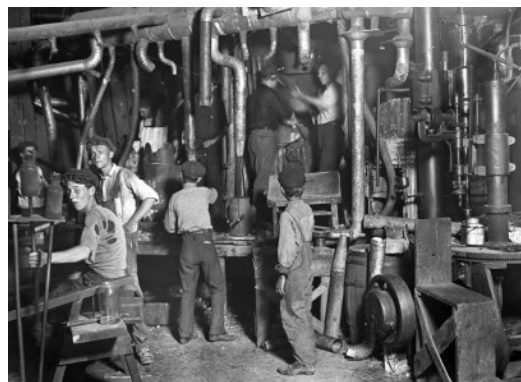
What caused the Industrial Revolution?

What famous inventions happened during this time?

What were the worst jobs in Britain?



Urbanisation



Child labour

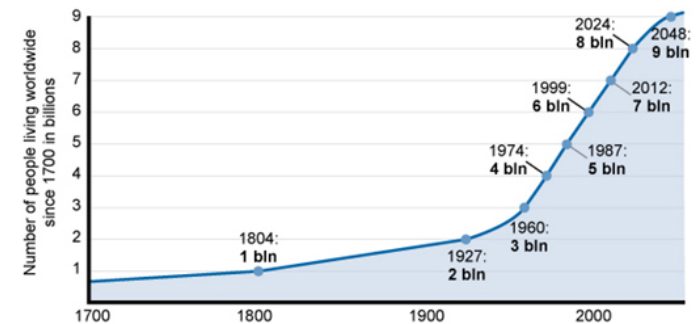


Figure 2.1 Population growth globally.

Population growth